

# MaxEnt for Camera-trap Data?

# [ Presence Only Data ]

- Impossible to make reliable inferences about distribution or habitat preferences without knowledge of sampling scheme.
  - need to know what areas have been searched and the species not found.
- Methods that generate 'pseudo-absences' tend to rely on some strong assumptions.

# [ Presence Only Data ]

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- Limited options for historical data sets.
- Should be advocating at least presence-absence data be recorded.
- Information that allows detection to be estimated would be even better.

# [ Presence Only Data ]

- Thought experiment:
  - 10 presence's in habitat A, 20 in habitat B
  - Which habitat is 'better'?

# [MaxEnt]

- Technique developed for presence-only data around the concept of “maximum entropy”

e.g., Phillips et al. 2006. Ecological Modelling

- MaxEnt is user (too) friendly software that has been developed

# [MaxEnt]

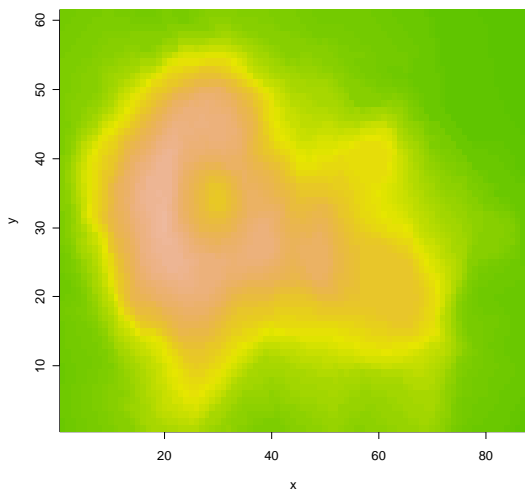
- Variety of model building and output options
- How well does approach work when we know ‘truth’?
- Focused on ‘logistic’ option as claim is it has analogous interpretation to logistic regression

# [ MaxEnt Test ]

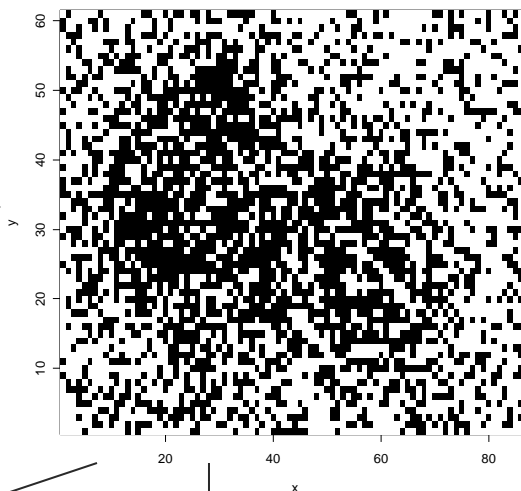
- For a real landscape (5307 units or pixels), assume species prefers higher elevations
  - defined according to logistic model
- Generate a 'realised' distribution
- Compare output from logistic regression and MaxEnt

# [ MaxEnt Test ]

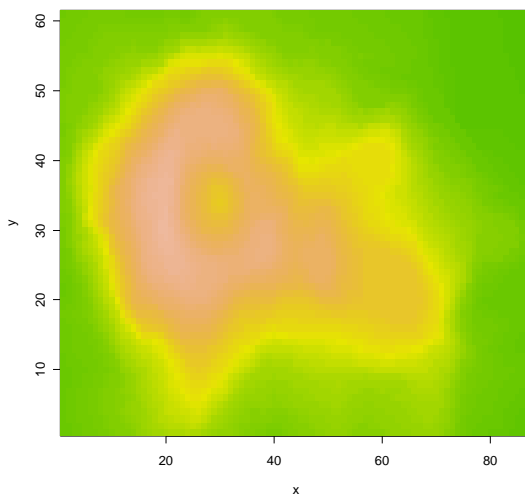
Truth



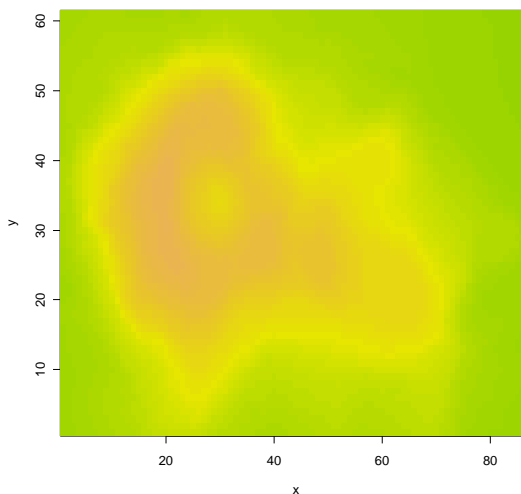
RD



LR

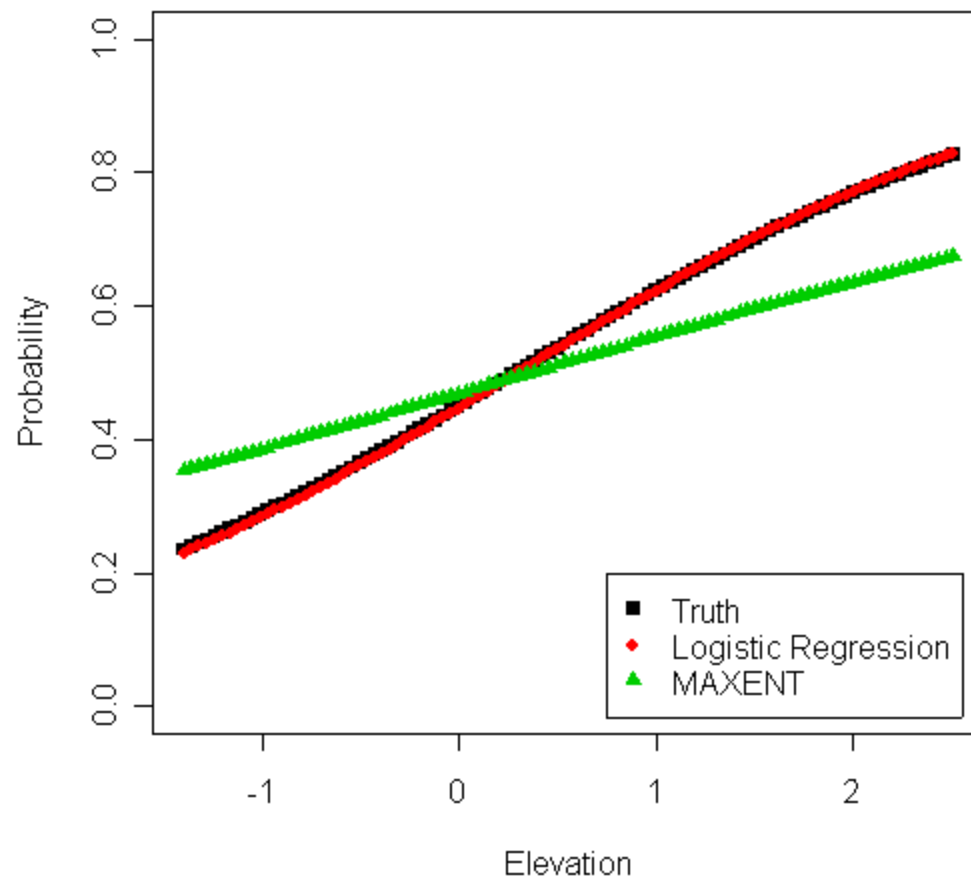


MaxEnt





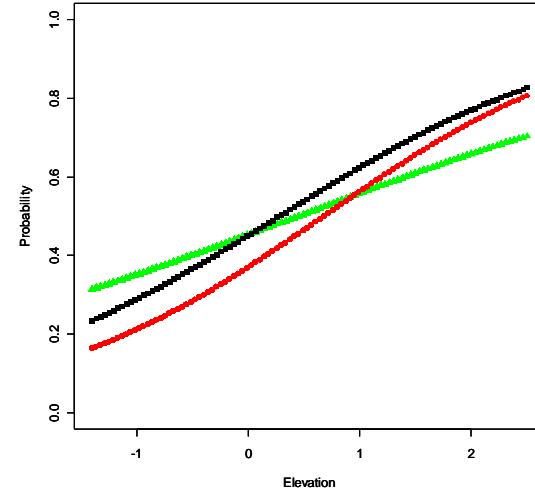
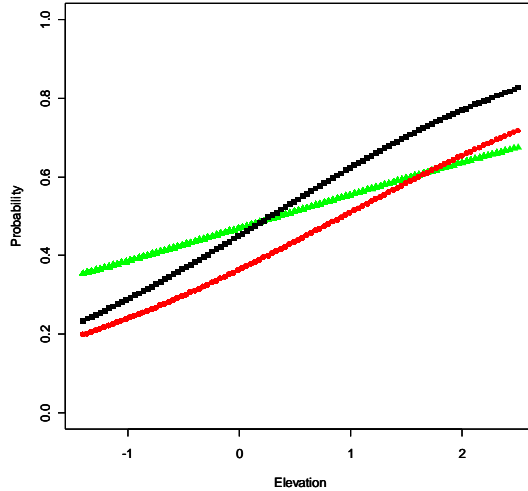
# [ MaxEnt Test ]



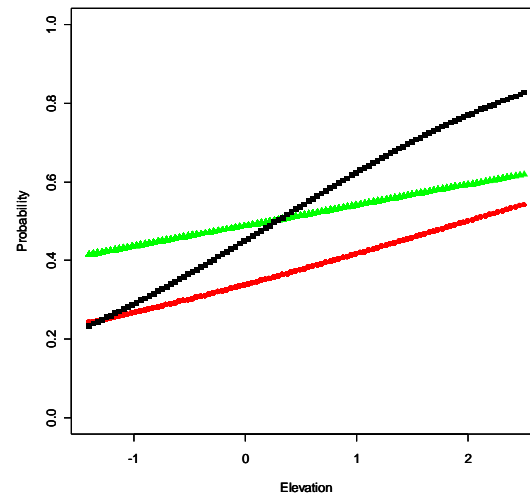


# [ MaxEnt Test – imperfect detection

Constant



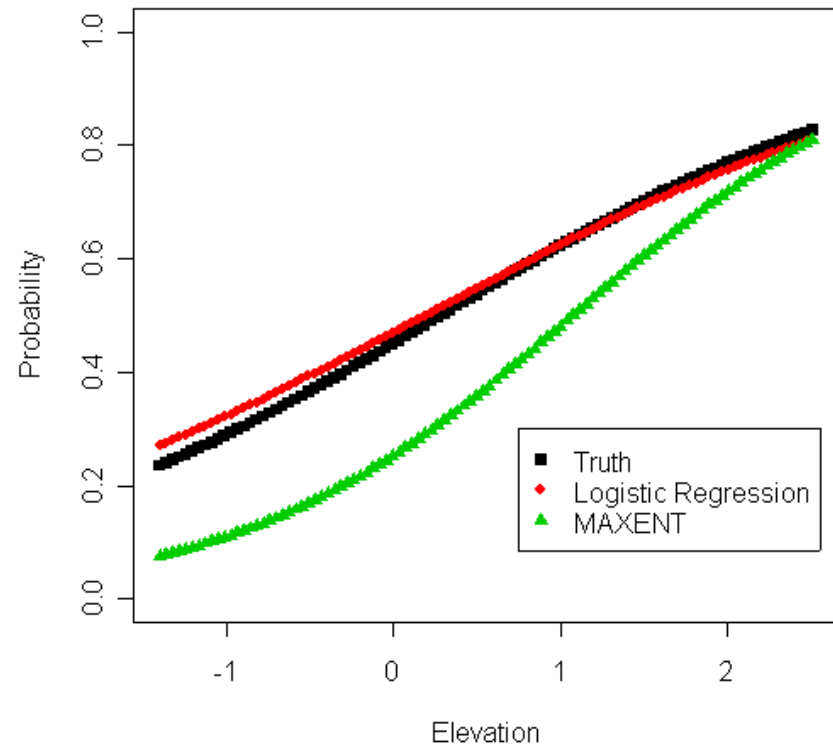
Increasing



Decreasing

# MaxEnt Test – non-random sampling

- Sampling scheme correlated with factor of interest
  - Only sampling elevations  $>0$
  - Similar to only having records near urban areas or development



# [MaxEnt Test]

- MaxEnt does not do a good job of approximating 'truth' under some circumstances
  - Strongly suspect that any method based on presence-only data will have similar problems
- Simple logistic regression also fails with imperfect detection

# [ Summary ]

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- Always try to obtain both presence and absence data
- Always try to use inference method that incorporates detection probabilities  $< 1$  (e.g., occupancy modeling)